

July 2021

Compliance Review Report

AEU NSW Teachers Federation

Table of Contents

Purpose of this report	2
Disclosure obligations	2
Conduct of the review	3
Scope of the review	3
Stakeholder engagement.....	4
Review outcomes	4
1. Timely lodgement.....	4
2. Accuracy in reporting – amendments.....	5
Matters requiring future action	8
Conclusion	9

Purpose of this report

Pursuant to s 316(2A) of the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918* (the Electoral Act), this report provides the financial controller of the AEU NSW Teachers Federation (the political campaigner) with the Australian Electoral Commission's (AEC) assessment of the level of compliance of the 2018-2019 annual disclosure return lodged on behalf of the political campaigner with disclosure obligations under ss 314AB, 314AC and 314AE of the Electoral Act.

Disclosure obligations

Registered political campaigners are required under Part XX of the Electoral Act to furnish annual returns.

Section 314AB of the Electoral Act requires the financial controller of the political campaigner to furnish a return within 16 weeks after the end of each financial year, disclosing:

- the total amount received by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner, during the financial year, together with the details specified by s 314AC of the Electoral Act;
- the total amount paid by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner during the financial year;
- the total outstanding amount, as at the end of the financial year, of all debts incurred by or on behalf of, the political campaigner together with the details specified by s 314AE of the Electoral Act;
- the total amount of electoral expenditure incurred by or with the authority of the political campaigner; and
- details of any discretionary benefits received by, or on behalf of the political campaigner from the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory during the financial year.

Section 314AC of the Electoral Act provides that if the sum of all amounts received by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner from a person or organisation during a financial year is more than the threshold amount specified therein, the annual disclosure return must include the particulars of that sum.

Section 314AC(4) of the Electoral Act provides that where the political campaigner is a person or organisation registered under the *Australian Charities and Not-for profits Commission Act 2012*, an amount received greater than the threshold does not need to be disclosed if no part of it was used during the financial year to:

- incur electoral expenditure; or
- create or communicate electoral matter; or
- reimburse the political campaigner for incurring electoral expenditure or creating or communicating electoral matter.

Section 314AE of the Electoral Act provides that if the sum of all outstanding debts incurred by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner to a person or an organisation during a financial year is more than the threshold amount specified therein, the annual disclosure return must include the particulars of that sum.

For the 2018–19 financial year, the threshold was for sums in excess of \$13,800.

The Electoral Act is available in full [here](#).

Conduct of the review

The authorised officer of the AEC has authority under s 316(2A) to require the production of documents and giving of evidence for the purpose of assessing compliance with the disclosure obligations required of registered political campaigners under Part XX of the Electoral Act.

Subsection 316(2A) requires the financial controller of a political campaigner to produce the documents or other things referred to in a notice served by the authorised officer within the period and in the manner specified in the notice or to appear, at the time and place specified in the notice, before the authorised officer to give evidence, either orally or in writing, and to produce the documents or other things referred to in the notice.

As part of this process, the authorised officer of the AEC served a notice on the financial controller under s 316(2A) requiring the political campaigner to provide its financial records and other documents in relation to its financial operations for 2018–19.

Scope of the review

The records which were requested by the AEC from the financial controller were limited to those which enabled the AEC to assess the following aspects of compliance with its disclosure obligations under Part XX of the Electoral Act:

- the timeliness of lodgement of the annual disclosure return
- the completeness and accuracy of the following information disclosed in the political campaigner’s annual disclosure return for the 2018–19 financial year:
 - total receipts
 - total gifts in kind
 - individual receipts above \$13,800
 - total payments
 - total debts
 - individual debts above \$13,800

- total electoral expenditure
- discretionary benefits

The AEC did not examine other aspects of the financial operations of the political campaigner such as the existence or effectiveness of internal controls.

Stakeholder engagement

The AEC's general practice is to communicate with the relevant officer of the political campaigner by phone, email and/or face to face meetings as appropriate to cover the following topics:

- financial reports and documentation available from the political campaigner's accounting system
- compliance issues arising from the AEC review of the financial reports and documentation provided by the political campaigner.
- required and suggested amendments to the annual disclosure return which arise from the compliance review
- potential enhancements in the financial controller's understanding of disclosure obligations and accounting processes to improve future compliance.

During the review the political campaigner provided documentation to the AEC as requested and within set timeframes.

A draft compliance review report was issued by the authorised officer of the AEC on 10 June 2021. The entity was provided with an opportunity to comment on the draft report by 9 July 2021. The entity did not provide any comment and lodged a request for amendment on 24 June 2021.

Review outcomes

1. Timely lodgement

Subsection 314AB(1) of the Electoral Act requires the financial controller of the political campaigner to lodge an annual disclosure return with the AEC within 16 weeks after the end of the financial year. As lodgement occurred on 18 October 2019 which is before the due date of 21 October 2019, the return complied with the requirement under s 314AB(1) to lodge a return for the political campaigner within 16 weeks after the end of the financial year.

2. Accuracy in reporting – amendments

After examining the documents provided by the financial controller for the review, the authorised officer of the AEC identified several issues relating to compliance with disclosure obligations under sections 314AB(2), 314AC and 314AE of the Electoral Act. The issues are discussed in detail below.

Total Receipts and Total Payments

Paragraph 314AB(2) of the Electoral Act requires the financial controller to report the total amount received by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner during the financial year, together with the details required by s 314AC. To satisfy this, the financial controller must account for all transactions that result in receipts from external entities. These transactions must be accounted for on a gross basis without any offsetting, inclusive of GST. All non-cash benefits received by the political campaigner must also be included in total receipts.

Paragraph 314AB(2) of the Electoral Act requires the financial controller to report the total amount paid by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner during the financial year. To satisfy this, the financial controller must account for all transactions that result in payments to external entities. These transactions must be accounted for on a gross basis without any offsetting, inclusive of GST.

Transactions within the entity including those between its individual bank accounts, represent internal transfers. Such transactions should be eliminated from the calculation of total receipts and total payments to avoid inflating the total amounts reported in the return.

Total reportable receipts disclosed by the financial controller were under-stated in the political campaigner's 2018–19 annual disclosure return. The amount recorded as total receipts in the return is required to be amended by the political campaigner in order to ensure compliance with the Electoral Act.

Total reportable payments disclosed by the financial controller were under-stated in the political campaigner's 2018–19 annual disclosure return. The amount recorded as total payments and outlays on the entity's behalf in the return is required to be amended by the political campaigner in order to ensure compliance with the Electoral Act.

The relevant amendments are set out below.

Part 1a: Total Receipts AND Part 3: Total payments – amendments		
	Total receipts	Total payments
Total disclosed in return	\$44,158,939	\$35,996,117
Amended total	\$44,340,152	\$36,229,021

Amounts of more than \$13,800 received

Section 314AC of the Electoral Act provides that if the sum of all amounts received by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner from a person or organisation during a financial year is more than the threshold, the annual disclosure return must include the particulars of that sum. Furthermore, that sum is to include only those individual amounts which exceed the threshold.

Individual receipts exceeding the threshold were under-disclosed in the political campaigner's 2018-19 annual disclosure return. A number of amendments to individual receipts exceeding the \$13,800 threshold are required in order to ensure compliance with the Electoral Act. The relevant amendments are set out below.

Part 2: Amounts of more than \$13,800 received – amendments				
Entry	Name	Address	Amount received	Receipt Type
New entry no.1	First State Super	Level 21, 83 Clarence Street, Sydney NSW 2000	\$25,000	Other Receipt
New entry no.2	MU Group	Suite 4.02, Level 4 23-33 Mary Street, Surry Hills NSW 2010	\$20,747	Other Receipt
New entry no. 3	NSW Government Schools	GPO Box 4037, Sydney NSW 2001	\$108,747	Other Receipt
New entry no.4	Taylor and Scott	Suite 3, 1 Lowden Square Wollongong	\$136,599	Other Receipt
New entry no.5	Worrel Pty Ltd	GPO Box 4956, Sydney NSW 2001	\$72,292	Other Receipt
New entry no.6	Woolworths Group	1 Woolworths Way, Bella Vista NSW 2153	\$15,906	Other Receipt
New entry no. 7	Unions NSW	Labor Council of NSW, Suite 7, Level 7 377-383 Sussex Street, Sydney NSW 2000	\$43,098	Other Receipt
Original entry no. 1	Department of Communication and The Arts	C/- Broadspectrum Property P/L Locked Bag 917 NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2059	\$837,630	Other Receipt
Amended entry no. 1	Department of Communication and The Arts	C/- Broadspectrum Property P/L Locked Bag 917 NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2059	\$1,214,576	Other Receipt
Original entry no. 2	Department of Communication and The Arts	C/- Broadspectrum Property P/L Locked Bag 917 NORTH SYDNEY NSW 2059	\$110,000	Other Receipt

Part 2: Amounts of more than \$13,800 received – amendments				
Entry	Name	Address	Amount received	Receipt Type
Amended entry no. 2	Remove			
Original entry no. 3	National Australia Bank	255 George Street SYDNEY NSW 2000	\$416,507	Other Receipt
Amended entry no. 3	National Australia Bank	255 George Street SYDNEY NSW 2000	\$455,879	Other Receipt
Original entry no. 4	Insurance Australia Limited	Level 5 South, 23-33 Mary Street SURRY HILLS NSW 2010	\$264,769	Other Receipt
Amended entry no. 4	Insurance Australia Limited	Level 5 South, 23-33 Mary Street SURRY HILLS NSW 2010	\$364,725	Other Receipt
Original entry no. 5	Valmont Interior Pty Ltd	Level 5 North, 23-33 Mary Street SURRY HILLS NSW 2010	\$189,776	Other Receipt
Amended entry no. 5	Valmont Interior Pty Ltd	Level 5 North, 23-33 Mary Street SURRY HILLS NSW 2010	\$212,513	Other Receipt

Total Debts

Paragraph 314AB(2) of the Electoral Act requires the financial controller to report the total outstanding amount as at the end of the financial year of all debts incurred by or, on behalf of, the political campaigner.

Total reportable debts of the political campaigner were over-stated in the political campaigner's 2018–19 annual disclosure return. The amount recorded as total debts in the return is required to be amended by the financial controller in order to ensure compliance with the Electoral Act. The relevant amendment is set out below.

Part 4: Total Debts – amendment	
Total disclosed in return	\$1,177,047
Amended total	\$818,766

Debts of more than \$13,800

Section 314AE of the Electoral Act provides that if the sum of all outstanding debts, incurred by, or on behalf of, the political campaigner to a person or an organisation during a financial year is more than the threshold, the return must include the particulars of that sum.

Individual debts exceeding the threshold were over-disclosed in the political campaigner's 2018–19 annual disclosure return. A number of amendments to individual debts exceeding the \$13,800 threshold are required in order to ensure compliance with the Electoral Act. The relevant amendments are set out below.

Part 5: Debts of more than \$13,800 – amendments				
Entry	Name	Address	Amount Owed	Financial/Non-financial institution
Original entry no. 1	Blue Star Print	Private Bag 21 ERMINGTON NSW 1700	\$101,838	Non-financial institution
Amended entry no.1	Remove			
Original entry no. 2	Trio Professional Learning	16 Kalgoorlie Street LEICHHARDT NSW 2040	\$25,300	Non-financial institution
Amended entry no.2	Remove			
Original entry no. 3	Department of Education	Locked Bag 7013 BATHURST NSW 2795	\$68,762	Non-financial institution
Amended entry no.3	Remove			

Matters requiring future action

It is recommended the financial controller ensures the accuracy of future annual disclosure returns and therefore improve compliance with Part XX of the Electoral Act by:

- calculating total receipts and payments from a complete listing of bank account receipts and payments respectively
- including all amounts received in the calculation of total receipts, regardless of the nature of the amounts received
- including all amounts paid in the calculation of total payments, regardless of the nature of the amounts paid
- examining all amounts received by the party in identifying receipts above the threshold for disclosure
- checking the accuracy of all calculations of amounts for disclosure in the annual disclosure return

Conclusion

The authorised officer of the AEC for the purposes of s 316(2) of the Electoral Act has assessed the 2018–19 annual disclosure return for the political campaigner lodged with the AEC on 18 October 2019 complied with the requirement under s 314AB(1) of the Electoral Act to lodge a return for political campaigner within 16 weeks after the end of the financial year.

However, in view of the discrepancies identified, the return did not comply with the provisions of ss 314AB(2), 314AC and 314AE of the Electoral Act.

In view of the lodgement by the financial controller on 24 June 2021 of an amendment to the entity's 2018–19 annual disclosure return, the authorised officer of the AEC has assessed that the disclosure return (as amended) accurately includes the information required to be disclosed under the provisions of ss 314AB(2), 314AC and 314AE of the Electoral Act.

Joanne Reid
Assistant Commissioner
Australian Electoral Commission

1 July 2021